

Be Alert for Falling and Flying Objects

Helpful tips for preventing injuries on the construction site

Objects falling from above pose a serious hazard on the site, and you are at increased risk when you are beneath cranes or scaffolds, or when others are working above you. Not taking this risk seriously? Consider the following accident reported by the Occupational Health and Safety Administration (OSHA):

A carpenter was attempting to anchor a plywood form with a powder-actuated tool before pouring a concrete wall. The nail passed through the hollow wall, traveled 27 feet and struck another employee in the head. As a result of this accident, the employee died. In this instance, the carpenter had not been successfully trained on how to use the tool and the victim was not wearing a hard hat.

To prevent similar injuries when working around falling and flying hazards, take the following precautions.

Cranes, Hoists and Scaffolds

- · Always wear a hard hat.
- Stack materials to prevent sliding, falling or collapse.
- Avoid working underneath cranes, hoists and moving loads.
- Do not exceed the loading capacity of cranes and hoists.
- Secure tools and materials to prevent them from falling on coworkers below.
- Use toe boards, screens and guardrails on scaffolds to prevent

objects from falling.

- Use debris nets, catch platforms and canopies to catch or deflect falling objects.
- Do not deliberately throw material from above, even if the worker below is ready to catch the item.
- Do not enter worksites that are restricted due to unsafe conditions.
- Inspect wire ropes, lifting hooks and chains for damage before using cranes and hoists.

Power Tools

- Wear safety goggles, glasses or a face shield when using tools that cause particles to fly.
- Inspect tools to ensure that their protective guards are in good working condition before each use.
- Do not use tools unless you are properly trained on how to do so.

Air Compressors

- Reduce the amount of compressed air used for cleaning to 30 PSI.
- Only use this machine with the appropriate guarding and protective equipment. Objects can be blown at your body, injuring you.



Don't Just Wear Your Hard Hat...

While it's important to always wear your hard hat on the site, it's just as important to maintain it. Excessive exposure to paint, chemical agents, sunlight and heat can all weaken your hard hat. Rinse it off regularly and never store it in a hot place or in direct sunlight.

