New Rules for Pickleball for 2021

There are many changes to the pickleball rulebook for 2021 but here are the 3 most impactful. If you want to learn more about all the 2021 pickleball rules changes and the reasons for these changes download the summary of 2021 pickleball rules changes and why they were made.

1. **No More Service Lets** - If the ball hits the net on the serve and goes in it is a live serve. If it hits the net and goes out, hits the no volley-zone line or in the no volley-zone it is a fault.
2. **Added the Drop Serve** - In addition to the current serve you can now drop the ball and hit it after the bounce on the serve. This addition is a provisional rule change which means they are testing it for a year and may change next year.
3. **Ball out calls** - A ball should not be called out unless you can see visible space between the line and the ball.

Pickleball can be played as a singles or doubles game, the court and rules are the same for both.

**Scoring**

A pickleball game is normally played to 11 and must be won by 2. You can only score a point while serving. The score should be said aloud before each serve with the serving teams score stated first, in doubles both players on a team serve so the last number stated should be to identify which server is serving. e.g., 5 - 3 - 1 would mean the serving team is winning 5 to 3 and the server is the 1st server on the team, for the 2nd server it would be 5 - 3 - 2.
The Serve

The serve must be hit with an underhand swinging motion and the ball contacted below the hips. When hitting the serve the server must be behind the baseline and serve into the adjacent service box as is done in tennis. You only get 1 serve, if the ball is hit out of the court, into the net or into the no-volley zone (kitchen) it is a side out. The center line, side lines and baselines are considered in on a serve but if the ball lands on the no-volley line it is a side out. Note: As of 1/25/2021 there are no longer any lets in pickleball, if the ball hits the net and goes in it must be played by the receiving team. You only score points while serving.

RULES UPDATE (1/25/2021) - A new provisional rule allows for a "drop serve". You can now drop the ball and hit it after the bounce while serving. You can drop the ball from any height, but you cannot throw it with any force to bounce it.

In doubles each player serves until a point is lost then the other team gets the serve. At the start of the game the team that serves first only gets 1 player to serve so the score starts at 0 - 0 - 2. The 2 meaning it is already the 2nd server. The 1st server on each side is always from the right service box serving into the right service box on the other side.

Double Bounce Rule

When the ball is served the player on the receiving side must let the ball bounce once before hitting it. When the ball is returned to the serving side the ball must again bounce once before being hit. After the ball has bounced once on each side the ball can be hit without bouncing as long as you are not in the no-volley zone 7 feet from the net.

No Volley Zone

The No-Volley Zone is 7 feet from the net on each side. A player cannot hit a ball if he is inside the No-Volley Zone unless the ball bounces first. If a ball hits a player in the No-Volley zone before bouncing the point is lost. Once a ball bounces a player can hit the ball while inside the zone. If a player hits a ball while outside the No-Volley Zone the momentum takes him/her into the zone the point is lost. If your foot touches any part of the line you are considered inside the zone, you can reach over the line and hit a ball as long as your foot is behind the line. If a serve hits the No-Volley line the serving team loses the point.

At an early point in teaching the game, some basic rules of the game of pickleball must be introduced. The rules should be simplified as much as possible. This will provide the basic rules needed to get started.

Two Bounce Rule

The ball must bounce twice, once on each side of the court, before players can hit the ball in the air or on the “volley”. When the ball is served, it bounces in the receivers service court, the serving team must stay back and wait for the ball to bounce again on their side before they can move up and play the ball in the air. This rule is instrumental in providing long rallies in the game of pickleball. The serving team cannot serve the ball deep and then run to the net and smash it down “the throat” of their opponents. They must stay back and wait for the return bounce. New players often forget this and start to move up quickly with the serve and get caught hitting the ball in the air. Coaches must remind both players on the serving team to stay back at the service line until the ball has bounced on their side. After the ball has bounced twice either team can play the ball on the bounce or in the air.

The Non-Volley Zone

The non-volley zone as is that 7 foot rectangle in front of the net. A player cannot step into that zone to hit or smash the ball on the fly. A player may only play the ball in that zone if it bounces in there first. A player may enter the zone in anticipation of the ball hitting but must wait until it bounces before playing it. A player may not enter the zone, jump up to smash the ball and then land in the regular court. The volley must be made with both feet on the court outside the non-volley zone. If in the course of making a volley shot a part of a player’s body or article of clothing lands on any part of the non-volley zone including the line, it is considered a fault and the point or serve is lost. Normally, this means stepping in the non-volley zone or on the non-volley line but your paddle or article of clothing could hit the non-volley zone as well and be a fault. The player or the player’s partner must call this fault on themselves even if the opponents do not make the call.

Points

The game of pickleball is usually played to a score of 11. The winning team must win by two points or play continues until one team wins by 2. In tournament play, games can be played to 15 or 21. Unlike tennis or badminton, only the serving team can win a point. The receiving team must get the “side down” and get the serve back before earning points.

Scoring

Scoring in pickleball can be very confusing to beginners. The first rule of etiquette in pickleball is that the server and only the server should announce the score. The player that is in the right-hand service area of the serving team always starts. That player is server number 1 for this sequence only. The next time they get the serve, the partner maybe in the right court to start and they become server number 1. The sequence for announcing the score is as follows; serving team’s score first, opponents score second and server number third. So if the server announces 3, 4, 1, the serving team has 3 points, the opposing team has 4 points and server number 1 is serving. If the serving team wins a point, the score would be 4, 4, 1. The serving team switches courts after winning a point but the receiving team stays as is. Remember the server only gets one fault and they lose his or her serve.
Serving

To start the game, teams may to decide to rally for serve playing the ball three times over the net before it is in play. Often, one team just decides to start. The team serving first gets only one serve their first time. This rule helps prevent “blow” out games with one team getting a large number of points to start. The server making the first serve should announce 0, 0, 2. The score is 0, 0, and because the team gets only one serve, the server is number 2. When the serve switches to the other side that team gets two serves and play continues that way until a score of 11 is reached. The serve must be made with an underhand stroke so that contact with the ball is made below waist level. **Underhand Defined:** The arm must be moving in an upward arc and the paddle head shall be below the wrist when it strikes the ball.

The top of the paddle face must be below the wrist and the server must have both feet behind the service line at the time of contact with the ball. The ball must be served to the diagonally opposite court and it must be clearly in the service area. The ball cannot hit any part of the non-volley zone including the non-volley line. A serve that hits the net but lands in the service area is called a “let” and is reserved. Before serving the ball, the server should make sure all players are ready. Take a minute to check to make sure your partner is ready and that the opposing team is ready. If you are receiving the serve but you or your partner are not ready, hold up your hand or paddle. If the server serves to you anyway, do not swing at the ball and call for a “let” serve because you were not ready. Returning the ball indicates you were ready and the point stands.

Calling Lines

Pickleball like most racquet sports relies on the integrity of the players in calling shots in or out. The rule of etiquette suggests that players will call the lines as honestly and fairly as they can. Players should call the lines on their side of the net and opponents will do the same on their side. **Opponents should never make a call on the other side of the net unless they are asked.** If a team cannot decide on a line call, then the benefit always goes to the opponent. If a team asks for an opinion from an opponent, that decision is final. Again, fairness is the rule of the day. Remember it is only a game. Keeping this in mind will prevent conflict on the court.

Faults

A point is earned or a serve is lost if a fault occurs. Remember, as in volley ball a point can only be scored by the serving team. A fault occurs on a serve when the ball hits short of the service court including the non-volley line. If the ball is served to the wrong court, long behind the back service line or out of the bounds that is a fault. After the serve, a fault occurs if a player steps in the non-volley court or on the non-volley line while making a volley shot. The ball in play strikes a player or anything the player is wearing or carrying. **There is one exception to this rule:** if the ball strikes the player’s paddle hand below the wrist, the ball is still in play. If the ball is hit into the net or other permanent object such as the pole, that is a fault. All balls that hit outside the boundary lines of the court are considered out and a fault. If the ball hits a player they have committed a fault. On the serve, if a ball is hit into the wrong court and the opposing player in that court is hit or catches the ball that is considered a fault on the receiving team. A player should not catch a ball that is heading out of bounds because that is considered a fault as well. Always let the ball bounce first. An indication of an out ball should be made by yelling out or by hand jester indicating out. This should be done quickly. Failing to hit the ball before it bounces twice is a fault, however if the ball bounces twice off your racquet while you are making a continuous forward motion is not considered a fault.