## A Balancing Decision

I played with Kathy Harper (from California) on May 26 in the NYC Regional Open Pairs. I had never played with Kathy before, and I was happy when she called Honors Bridge Club explaining that she wanted a pro partner for that date, and that we were able to make arrangements.

I was South and held the following hand, Not-Vulnerable vs,
Vulnerable: $\uparrow 843 \downarrow$ K3 $\downarrow$ A9752 \&963. After 3 passes Kathy opened 1 $\downarrow$, I responded 1 NT and she rebid $2 \downarrow$. This was passed around to West, who balanced with $2 \boldsymbol{\wedge}$. It went passpass, back to me. It is your decision now. Think about it, as this decision is what this month's hand is all about.

I immediately considered 3 different possible actions: Double, Pass, or $3 \downarrow$.

I felt that West was being impertinent - not able to open in 3rd seat yet balancing at the 2-level at unfavorable vulnerability. I wanted to double, since 3 small spades was a good spade holding, considering that I had already denied holding 4 spades. But as I looked at my hand, I could not see where the defense would win 6 tricks. I had about $11 / 2$ or 2 tricks, and I did not see where I could count on partner to have $31 / 2$ or 4 tricks. I think doubling would be too reckless - it might be successful $10-20 \%$ of the time, but would more often lead to a bottom score. I decided not to risk doubling. Pass is certainly possible. It is a shame probably go -110 on a hand where I expected to have a good chance to go +110 . I certainly would prefer to do something else if I can think of something appealing.

How successful would a $3 \vee$ bid be? If partner has a good 6-card heart suit and 2 side tricks, it can make. That is not unreasonable to hope for - it certainly seems better than doubling
$2 \boldsymbol{A}$. The problem is that $3 \checkmark$ might not make. Partner's hearts might not be so good, or the suit might break badly, or partner might only have 1 side-suit trick. Still, down one is better than letting the opponent's make $2 \boldsymbol{A}$.

Well, I might bid $3 \vee$. Before bidding $3 \vee$, are there any other bids to consider?
Yes, I did think of one other bid. That was 2NT. If partner has as little as 6 good hearts and the \%A, then I can see 8 tricks in Notrump. And partner certainly is better than that. She has a 6card heart suit and did not open a weak 2 bid in 4th position. (In 4th seat I expect a weak 2 to be between $9-12 \mathrm{HCP})$. My $\vee \mathrm{K}$ and $\diamond$ A would fill in her gaps perfectly. Partner would not even need to have a spade stopper, as the opponent certainly doesn't have more than 5 spades (since he didn't open a preempt in 3rd position). And if partner holds 3 spades, then playing in Notrump could be vital to prevent an opposing spade ruff.

The more I thought about it, the more I liked bidding 2NT. It certainly should not be a hand with a spade stopper and 9HCP - I would probably double $2 \uparrow$ with a hand like that. No, it should be a hand like the one that I held - a key heart honor that looks like it might help run the suit, and a side quick trick.

So, I bid 2NT, and played there, and made it, with a club opening lead. This was the entire hand:

|  | Dummy (Kathy) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AQJ5 |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ AQ7652 |  |
|  | -64 |  |
| West | $\because \mathrm{A} 4$ | East |
| - K10762 |  | ^A9 |
| $\checkmark 104$ |  | $\checkmark$ J98 |
| QJ |  | -K1083 |
| \%K1085 | Declarer(Jeff) | *QJ72 |
|  | . 843 |  |
|  | - K3 |  |
|  | -A9752 |  |
|  | ¢963 |  |

We got all the matchpoints for +120 . The spade ruff beats $3 \vee$. Apparently the ruff was found at all tables that reached $3 \boldsymbol{\vee}$. It is a little surprising that every table found the ruff, but is expected at most tables where West bid spades.

Incidently, if I held the West hand I would have opened the bidding 14. In my partnership with Gail Greenberg we have lots of ways to bid Drury in interference, so we don't have to get to the 3-level. And the 1a bid serves 2 good functions: 1) it takes away lots of bidding space from the opponents making it tougher for them to find the best contract, and 2) it serves as a lead-directing bid. It can happen that the opponents find a penalty double when we have no place to run to, but that is exceedingly rare. I think the gain, especially in matchpoints, is well worth the risk.

