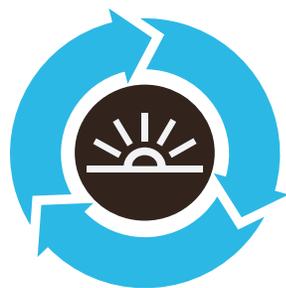


Wet Scrubbers

For Acid Gas Absorption



AirPol

For more than 45 years, we have designed and built more than 1,400 wet scrubbing systems for all conceivable applications in a variety of industries.



AirPol Absorber for a 60 MW coal fired co-generation plant



Two AirPol FRP Absorption Systems for a hazardous waste thermal oxidizer.

Systems Expertise

AirPol supplies air pollution control systems on an “Engineering Only” or a “Complete Turnkey” basis, as well as anything in between. We have outstanding expertise in design and supply of complete systems.

We specialize in combination systems for applications such as hazardous waste incineration, requiring quenching of the gases gas from 2,500°F to the adiabatic saturation temperature in a split second to prevent the creation of dioxins. Further treatment may include particulate removal, acid gas absorption, sub cooling of the gas and final treatment for particulate and heavy metals removal in an AirPol wet electrostatic precipitator.

Airpol offers a “Total Service” concept. Every system is specifically designed for each application. We provide in-depth process knowledge and engineering expertise in addition to offering a complete package to meet any needs.

AirPol Absorbers

This brochure describes AirPol's three major absorption scrubbers:

- Open spray towers
- Tray towers
- Packed towers

ACID GAS CONTROL

There are many kinds of industrial acid gases. The most common are sulfur dioxide (SO_2 gases), hydrogen chloride (HCl), hydrogen fluoride (HF), hydrogen bromide (HBr), hydrogen sulfide (H_2S), etc. In order to efficiently remove these contaminants from a gas stream a chemical reaction with an alkali reagent is usually required.

REAGENTS

AirPol's most common reagents are:

- Sodium hydroxide (NaOH) also called caustic soda or caustic
- Sodium carbonate (Na_2CO_3) also called soda ash
- Magnesium hydroxide ($\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$)
- Calcium hydroxide ($\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$) derived from lime
- Hi-mag lime (calcium hydroxide with magnesium additive)



AirPol air pollution control system consisting of two quench-absorber trains for a hazardous waste incinerator plant.



AirPol Packed Tower for a hazardous waste incinerator.

MATERIAL SELECTION

The material of construction in a wet absorber is of utmost importance. Gas temperature, type of acid gas, particulate erosion, composition of the recycle liquid, etc. must be considered.

AirPol supplies any conceivable type of scrubber material such as:

- Stainless steels
- Alloy steels
- FRP
- Other plastic materials
- Rubber lined steel
- Plastic coatings



Open Spray Tower

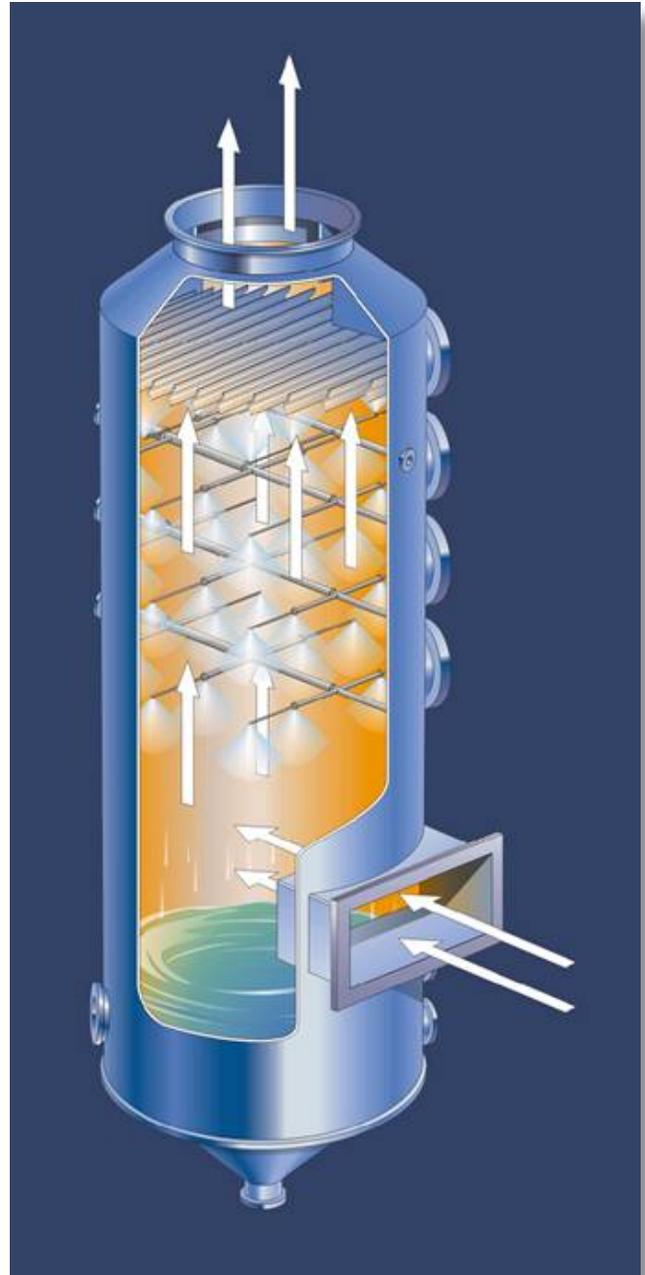
The open spray tower is a vertical vessel with a number of spray zones. At the bottom of the tower is a liquid reservoir, from which recycle pumps supply liquid to each spray zone. Above the upper spray header is a mist eliminator that will remove all liquid droplets from the gas. The mist eliminator is provided with a fresh water wash spray that prevents buildup of reaction salts.

APPLICATIONS

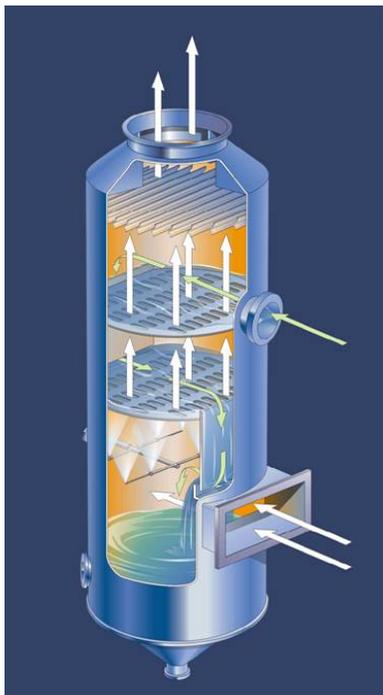
- SO₂ absorption of boiler flue gas
- HF absorption aluminum industry
- Lime sludge kilns

ADVANTAGES

- Very high absorption efficiency
- Low pressure drop
- No scaling or buildup of solids
- Specially designed spray distributors and nozzles to minimize nozzle plugging
- Accommodate high gas temperatures
- Tolerate high dust loadings
- High efficiency mist elimination



Tray Tower



APPLICATIONS

- The Tray Tower is used for several purposes:
- Particulate Removal
- Acid Gas Absorption
- Gas Cooling

The trays are in principle perforated plates, upon which a layer of liquid is kept at a certain level by a weir.

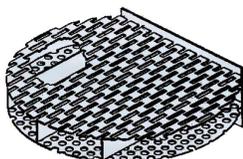
After leaving the top tray the gas passes through a mist eliminator for droplet removal.

ADVANTAGES

- Good particulate removal
- High absorption efficiency
- Excellent gas cooling
- Accept high gas temperatures
- Medium pressure drop
- Resistant to solids build-up
- High efficiency mist elimination

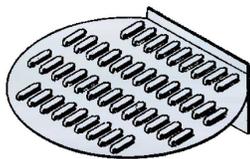
MOST COMMON TRAYS

Impingement Tray



A dual layer tray provides intense gas-liquid mixing. It cools and absorbs gases and removes fine particulate. The bottom layer divides the gas stream into a myriad of small bubbles while the upper layer provides a target area for impingement and additional breakup of air bubbles above each orifice.

Valve Tray



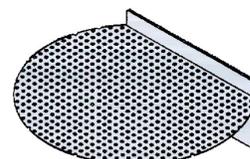
An adjustable impingement tray maintains constant efficiency and pressure drop via a movable self-adjusting cap for varying gas volumes. The tray design also provides effective cooling capabilities and gaseous absorption.

Tubular Slot Tray



The tubular slot tray has been designed especially for gases with high particulate loadings. It provides excellent cooling and gas absorption and resists plugging from heavy concentration of particulate and fibrous material.

Sieve Tray



A multi-orifice plate in which a gas stream is sub-divided into numerous jets as it penetrates a layer of water on the tray. It is used primarily to cool a saturated gas stream, reduce gas volume and condense steam plumes.

Packed Tower

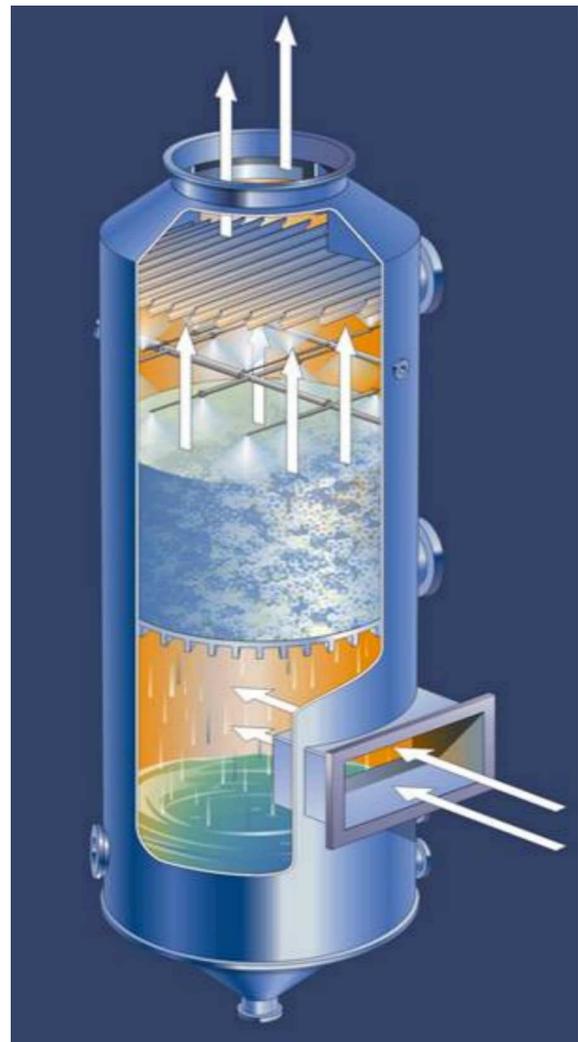
The AirPol Packed Tower effectively absorbs acid mists, odors and gaseous compounds through the countercurrent flow of gases and scrubbing liquid over a packed bed. The action provides intimate contact needed for efficient, thorough absorption and chemical reaction required for a wide range of industrial processing operations.

APPLICATIONS

- Incineration
- Fluorine gases
- Sulfur dioxide gases
- Hydrogen sulfide gases
- Hydrogen chloride gases
- Chemical processing
- Plating operations
- Steel pickling

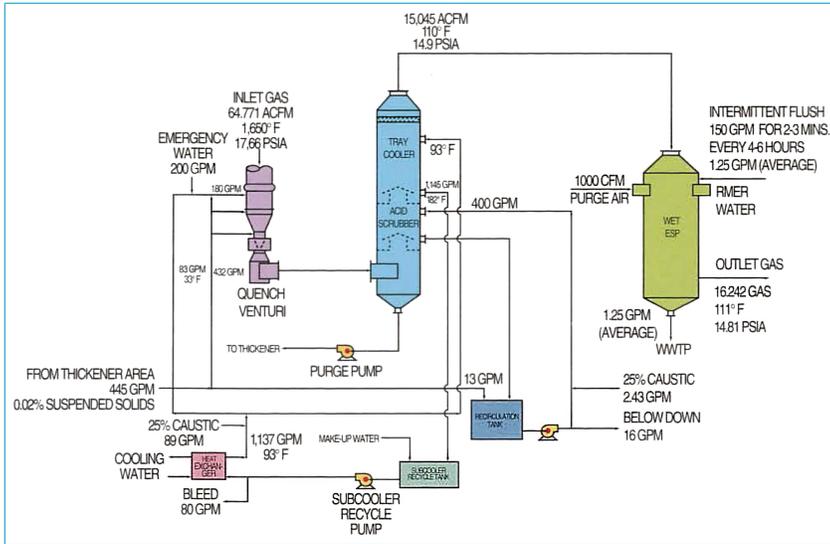
ADVANTAGES

- Higher collection efficiency and lower pressure drop for economical energy use
- Wide selection of packing materials to meet specific requirements
- Constructed of corrosion-resistant materials
- No moving parts or high velocity areas assure maintenance and trouble-free operation
- Gas channeling is prevented by proper spacing of internal components which results in increased efficiency
- Other standard features include: access doors, lifting lugs, hold-down lugs and best available packing for the application



AirPol Integrated Systems

The different acid gas absorbers are in many cases integrated with quenchers, particulate scrubbers or wet electrostatic precipitators (WESPs) to form combination systems in order to attain the required end result. AirPol has many years of experience and expertise in a multitude of combination systems.



One typical example integrates a quencher venturi for temperature reduction and particulate control, followed by a packed tower for acid gas absorption and finally a WESP for heavy metals control.

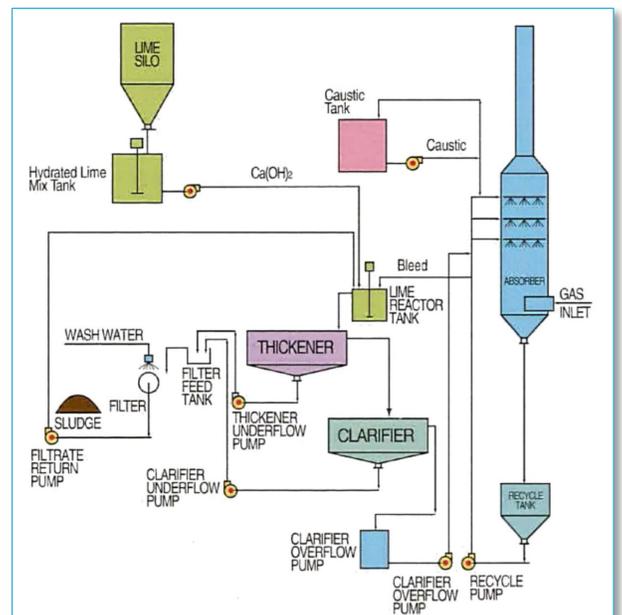
Another example is the AirPol Dual Alkali System that combines the very high acid gas absorption with the simplified disposal of a lime by-product.

AirPol Dual Alkali System

The flow sheet shown is a simplified version of the AirPol patented Dilute Dual Alkali System, using caustic as absorption reagent in the absorber and hydrated lime as external reagent for disposal. Another version of the system uses soda ash as internal and pebble lime as external reagent. Both versions work equally well.

The use of sodium in the absorber has many benefits such as highest attainable acid gas removal and ease of operation with no scaling and build-up problems. The external reaction between sodium and calcium regenerates the sodium for re-use in the absorber and yields a calcium based by-product, which is disposable in a land fill without leaching into the ground.

The AirPol Dilute Dual Alkali System thus has a very high efficiency and low operating cost and combines the best features of a sodium system with that of a lime based system.





8461 Lake Worth Road Suite 415
Lake Worth, FL 33467
Phone: (973) 599-4400
FAX: (973) 428-6048
Email: info@airpol.com
www.airpol.com