

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2015



SALT CREEK SANITARY DISTRICT Villa Park, Illinois

Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

Administrative Office

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Board of Trustees William Dewyer, President Dennis Keating, Vice President Raymond Hensley, Clerk

Administration James Listwan, Manager Deborah Seaton, Business Administrator

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Salt Creek Sanitary District Villa Park, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying statement of net position of the **Salt Creek Sanitary District** as of and for the years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Salt Creek Sanitary District, as of April 30, 2015 and 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 - 8 and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – Schedule of Funding Progress on page 24 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in the appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Salt Creek Sanitary District's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as supplementary information in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Selden Jox. Litd.

October 6, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Salt Creek Sanitary District Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2015

As management of the Salt Creek Sanitary District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview to the financial activities of the District for the fiscal years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- As of April 30, 2015, the assets of the District exceeded its liabilities by \$6,842,868 (net position). Of this amount, \$4,778,204 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- The District's operating expenses for fiscal year 2015 increased by \$16,659 or 0.8% over 2014. The increase was shared among a multiple of operating expense categories.
- User charge revenues decreased by \$82,936 or 3.8% under 2014 primarily due to a loss in billable flow for wastewater treatment services.
- Interest expense increased by \$20,746 or 10.0% due to additional draws on the loan for the tertiary filter building project.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report includes this management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditor's report, and the basic financial statements of the District. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The financial statements of the District report information using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to the District's creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing its liquidity and financial flexibility.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year, and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all its costs through its user fees, capital charges, and other non-operating revenues.

Basic Financial Statements (cont'd)

The final required financial statement is the statement of cash flows. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investments and capital and non-capital financing activities, and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

Financial Analysis of the District

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the District's activities in a way that helps explain how the District did financially. These two statements report the net position of the District and the changes therein. One can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other nonfinancial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, and new or changed government legislation.

Net Position

To begin our analysis, a summary of the District's statement of net position is presented in Table A-1.

	FY 2015	FY 2014
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 5,555,104 11,481,554	\$ 5,253,291 11,834,627
Total assets	17,036,658	17,087,918
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	8,928,084 1,265,706	8,815,307 1,386,064
Total liabilities	10,193,790	10,201,371
Net Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	2,064,663 4,778,205	2,620,325 4,266,222
Total net position	\$ 6,842,868	\$ 6,886,547

Table A-1 Condensed Statements of Net Position

As can be seen from Table A-1 above, net position decreased by \$43,679. The components of this decrease can be seen in Table A-2 on the following page. The above decrease in capital assets resulted from depreciation expense in excess of asset purchases. Long-term liabilities outstanding increased by \$112,777, due mainly to increase in debt to fund the tertiary sand filter building project.

Net Position (cont'd)

Other liabilities decreased by \$120,358 due to a decrease in accounts payable, accrued expenses and interest payable related to the construction of the tertiary sand filter building.

Table A-2Condensed Statements of Activities

	FY 2015	FY 2014	
Operating revenues Non operating revenues (expenses)	\$ 2,204,814 (162,598)	\$ 2,290,150 (151,645)	
Total revenues	2,042,216	2,138,505	
Depreciation expense Other operating expense	756,030 1,329,865	798,927 1,270,309	
Total operating expenses	2,085,895	2,069,236	
Change in net position	(43,679)	69,269	
Net position, beginning of the year	6,886,547	6,817,278	
Net position , end of year	\$ 6,842,868	\$ 6,886,547	

While the statement of net position shows the change in financial position of the District, the statement of activities provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes. As can be seen in Table A-2 above, the decrease in change in net position under 2014 was due to a combination of an increase in operation expenses and a decrease in revenues driven by a loss in billable flow in wastewater treatment services.

The District's operating revenues decreased by \$85,336 to \$2,204,814 in 2015 due to a decrease in billable flow in wastewater treatment services. Also non-operating expenses, as shown in more detail on page 10, increased by \$10,953 primarily to an increase in interest expense.

The District adopts an annual operating budget following public budget workshops and a public hearing. The operating budget includes proposed expenses and the means of financing them. The District's operating budget remains in effect the entire year, and is not revised except for budget transfers. A fiscal 2015 and 2014 budget comparison and analysis is presented to management as interim financial statements; budgetary comparison schedules are presented in this report as supplementary information beginning on page 25.

Budgetary Highlights

A 2015 General Fund budget comparison and analysis is presented in Table A-3.

	Bu	Table A-3 dget vs. Actua FY 2015	al			
		Budget		Actual		/ariance
Revenues:						
From operations Non operating	\$	2,294,750 35,200	\$	2,199,214 79,651	\$	\$(95,536) 44,451
Total revenues		2,329,950	-	2,278,865		(51,085)
Operation expenses: Employee costs:						
Salaries		434,024		421,245		12,779
Fringe benefits		329,400		268,643		60,757
Contractual services		111,700		114,786		(3,086)
Waste disposal		92,000		54,891		37,109
Utilities		283,200		255,228		27,972
Insurance		48,000		57,042		(9,042)
Chemicals		13,000		14,529		(1,529)
Materials and supplies		70,875		37,047		33,828
Maintenance		95,500		56,434		39,066
Other		149,200		26,215	·	122,985
Total expenses	-	1,626,899	_	1,306,060		320,839
Revenues over expenditures	\$	703,051	\$	972,805	_\$	269,754

Revenues over expenditures were over budget by \$269,754 due to the following:

- Operational revenues were under budget by \$95,536 due to decreased billable flows in waste treatment services.
- Nonoperational revenues were over budget by \$44,451 due to unanticipated insurance recovery of additional legal and engineering expenses in connection with the tertiary filter project.
- Salaries were \$12,779 lower than expected, primarily due to part-time personnel not hired.
- Fringe benefits were \$60,757 lower than anticipated because of decreased health insurance costs.
- Waste disposal expenses were \$37,109 lower than expected primarily because of lower sludge removal costs.

Budgetary Highlights (cont'd)

- Utilities were \$27,972 lower than expected due to less utility usage.
- Materials and supplies were \$33,828 lower than expected primarily because incurred expenditures were less than anticipated.
- Maintenance costs were \$39,066 lower than budget, primarily because fewer than anticipated outside equipment repairs were needed.
- Other costs were under budget by \$122,985 primarily due to the budgeted amount containing a significant unutilized contingency expense component.

Capital Assets

At the end of 2015, the District had \$11,481,554 invested in capital assets, including wastewater treatment facilities, as shown in Table A-4.

Table A-4 Capital Assets

	FY 2015	FY 2014	
Wastewater treatment facilities Office and lab equipment Transportation equipment	\$ 24,635,044 185,710 113,215	\$ 24,635,643 185,710 113,215	
Total capital assets	24,933,969	24,934,568	
Accumulated depreciation Construction in progress	(13,845,491) 393,076	(13,103,741) 3,800	
Net capital assets	\$ 11,481,554	\$ 11,834,627	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found at Note II.B. on pages 17 and 18 of this report.

Debt Administration

In order to avoid levying a tax for debt service, the District maintains cash and investments in a fund to meet the balance of the current year's debt service requirements. The District believes the most equitable method is collecting for debt service requirements based on water usage.

Notes payable outstanding at April 30, 2015 and 2014 amounted to \$9,416,890 and \$9,214,301 respectively. This balance represents funds received by the District through Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Revolving Loan Fund Program. Interest on these loans are payable semiannually at rates of 2.295% - 3.015%.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found at Note II.C. on pages 19 and 20 of this report.

Future Considerations at the District

User fees will be increased by \$0.08 per thousand gallons for operation and maintenance and \$0.14 per thousand gallons for debt service expenses effective May, 2015

Table A-5

District Rate History

Fiscal Year	(F	Volume Per 1,000 Gallons)	(BOD Per Lb.)	 Suspended Solids (Per Lb.)
2005	\$	2.41	\$.1775	\$.1649
2006		2.61		.1775	.1649
2007		2.81		.1775	.1649
2008		2.98		.1775	.1649
2009		2.98		.1775	.1649
2010		3.08		.1775	.1649
2011		3.28		.1775	.1649
2012		3.53		.1775	.1649
2013		3.83		.1775	.1649
2014		3.99		.1775	.1649
2015		4.21		.1775	.1649

District Contact Information

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and its accountability for the funds it receives. Anyone having questions regarding this report or desiring additional information may contact Deborah Seaton, Business Administrator, Salt Creek Sanitary District, 201 South Route 83, Post Office Box 6600, Villa Park, Illinois 60181 or by phone, 630-832-3637, or by email at scsd@scsd.comcastbiz.net.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Statement of Net Position April 30,

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 2,044,887	\$ 1,747,845
Investments	3,289,338	3,304,932
Receivables:		
Accounts	182,264	145,444
Replacement taxes	7,822	6,133
Accrued interest	7,408	10,535
Prepaid assets	23,385	38,402
Total current assets	5,555,104	5,253,291
Capital assets, net:		
Not being depreciated	443,138	53,862
Being depreciated	11,038,416	11,780,765
Total capital assets, net	11,481,554	11,834,627
Total assets	17,036,658	17,087,918
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	573,334	745,829
Payroll related liabilities	16,956	16,603
Accrued interest payable	41,649	91,207
Compensated absences	21,307	21,322
Current maturities of long-term debt	612,460	511,103
Total current liabilities	1,265,706	1,386,064
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt, less current maturities	8,804,430	8,703,199
Compensated absences	46,030	42,435
Net pension obligation	77,624	69,673
Total long-term liabilities	8,928,084	8,815,307
Total liabilities	10,193,790	10,201,371
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	2,064,664	2,620,325
Unrestricted	4,778,204	4,266,222

See accompanying notes.

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30,

	2015	2014
Operating revenues:		
User charges	\$ 2,089,212	\$ 2,172,148
Capital charges	115,602	118,002
Total operating revenues	2,204,814	2,290,150
Operating expenses:		
Employee costs:		
Salaries	421,244	406,614
Fringe benefits	274,416	292,691
Contractual services	114,935	87,903
Waste disposal	54,891	38,445
Utilities	258,864	242,314
Insurance	57,042	50,398
Chemicals	14,529	12,240
Material and supplies	11,212	9,541
Maintenance	70,143	62,661
Administrative	52,574	67,468
Other	15	34
Depreciation	756,030	798,927
Total operating expenses	2,085,895	2,069,236
Operating income	118,919	220,914
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Replacement taxes	38,899	37,164
Interest income	16,617	13,295
Interest expense	(227,457)	(206,711)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(26,720)	-
Other income	36,063	4,607
Total nonoperating expense	(162,598)	(151,645)
Change in net position	(43,679)	69,269
Net position, beginning of the year	6,886,547	6,817,278
Net position, end of the year	\$ 6,842,868	\$ 6,886,547

See accompanying notes.

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended April 30,

Paid to suppliers for goods and services(791,683) (683,776)Paid to employees for services(683,776)Net cash flows from operating activities692,535Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income received19,744 (1,370,446)Investments purchased(1,370,446) (1,386,040)Net cash flows from investing activities35,338Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Ioan Debt retired Interest paid Proceeds from the sale of capital assets723,631 (277,015) 1,000	2,281,227 (618,778) (676,429) 986,020 6,318 (2,051,489) 1,848,254 (196,917) 2,955,116 (420,555) (138,231) (2,897,288)
Received from customers\$ 2,167,994Paid to suppliers for goods and services(791,683)Paid to employees for services(683,776)Net cash flows from operating activities692,535Cash flows from investing activities:19,744Investment income received19,744Investments purchased(1,370,446)Investments matured1,386,040Net cash flows from investing activities:35,338Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:723,631Proceeds from Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan723,631Debt retired(277,015)Proceeds from the sale of capital assets1,000Purchases of capital assets1,000Purchases of capital assets(504,104)Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:(504,104)	(618,778) (676,429) 986,020 6,318 (2,051,489) 1,848,254 (196,917) 2,955,116 (420,555) (138,231) - (2,897,288)
Paid to employees for services(683,776)Net cash flows from operating activities692,535Cash flows from investing activities:19,744Investment income received19,744Investments purchased(1,370,446)Investments matured1,386,040Net cash flows from investing activities:35,338Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:723,631Proceeds from Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Ioan723,631Debt retired(521,043)Interest paid(277,015)Proceeds from the sale of capital assets1,000Purchases of capital assets(430,677)Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities:(504,104)Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:(504,104)	(676,429) 986,020 6,318 (2,051,489) 1,848,254 (196,917) 2,955,116 (420,555) (138,231) (2,897,288)
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Investment income received19,744Investments purchased(1,370,446)Investments matured1,386,040Net cash flows from investing activities35,338Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:35,338Proceeds from Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Ioan723,631Debt retired(521,043)Interest paid(277,015)Proceeds from the sale of capital assets1,000Purchases of capital assets(430,677)Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities:(504,104)	(2,051,489) 1,848,254 (196,917) 2,955,116 (420,555) (138,231) (2,897,288)
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related financing activities (504,104) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
	(500,958)
	38,137
Other income received	4,607
Net cash from noncapital financing activities73,273	42,744
Net change in cash 297,042	330,889
Cash, beginning of the year	1,416,956
Cash, end of the year \$ 2,044,887 \$	1,747,845
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows	
from operating activities:	220.044
Operating income \$ 118,919 \$	220,914
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization 756,030	798,927
Changes in:	130,321
Receivables (36,820)	(8,923)
Other assets 15,017	(35,491)
Payables and compensated absences (168,562)	(3,173)
Net pension obligation	13,766
Net cash flows from operating activities \$ 692,535 \$	986,020

See accompanying notes.

A. The Reporting Entity

Salt Creek Sanitary District ("the District") was organized in 1928 as a municipality, and derives its operating income from an annual appropriation ordinance, taxes if levied, and from user charges for sanitation purification. The District provides purification and treatment of sewage for substantially all of Villa Park, Illinois.

The District includes all funds of its business operations and its component units based on financial accountability. Financial accountability includes appointment of the organization's governing body, imposition of will and fiscal dependency. The accompanying financial statements include only those funds of the District, as there are no other organizations for which it has financial accountability.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The term "measurement focus" is used to denote what is being measured and reported in the District's operating statement. The District is accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. The fundamental objective of this focus is to measure whether the District is better or worse off economically as a result of events and transactions of the period.

The term "basis of accounting" is used to determine when a transaction or event is recognized on the District's operating statement. The District uses the full accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes, if levied, would be recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The District prepares its financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, "*Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*" as amended by Statement Number 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." GASB 34 and GASB 63 require the classification of net position into three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (cont'd)

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted Net Position – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Use of Estimates – Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

C. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Net Position

1. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of reporting cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits. Investments in certificates of deposit are stated at cost.

C. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Net Position (cont'd)

1. Cash and Investments (cont'd)

Under State of Illinois law, the District is restricted to investing funds in specific types of investment instruments. The following generally represent the types of instruments allowable by State of Illinois law:

- Securities issued or guaranteed by the United States.
- Interest-bearing accounts of banks insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Short-term obligations (less than 180 days) of U.S. corporations with assets over \$500,000,000 in the three highest classifications by at least two rating agencies.
- Insured accounts of an Illinois credit union chartered under United States or State of Illinois law.
- Money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same types of obligations.
- State of Illinois Funds.
- Repurchase agreements that meet instrument transaction requirements of State of Illinois law.

2. Accounts Receivable

All receivables are reported at their gross value, and are deemed fully collectible, since the District's policy is to place liens on properties, or request the shut off of water service to collect past due monies.

3. Prepaid Assets

Payments to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid assets. Prepaid assets are recognized as expense when the service or good has been received.

C. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Net Position (cont'd)

4. Capital Assets

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated asset lives as follows:

Plant buildings and equipment	7 – 30 years
Administration building and improvements	7 – 50 years
Transportation equipment	5 – 7 years
Office equipment	5 – 10 years

5. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation and sick pay amounts are accrued when benefits vest to employees, and the unpaid liability is reflected as compensated absences payable.

6. Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt and other obligations of the District are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

D. Revenues and Expenses

Revenue and expenses are distinguished between operating and nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are fees and capital revenue for wastewater treatment services.

D. Revenues and Expenses (cont'd)

Operating expenses include the costs associated with the conveyance and treatment of wastewater, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. Detailed Notes For All Activities and Fund Types

A. Cash and Investments

All investments are held by the bank's agent in the District's name.

Deposits – At April 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,044,587 and the bank balance was \$2,055,322 (\$1,747,445 and \$1,718,565, respectively, at April 30, 2014), which was fully insured and collateralized. In addition, the District has cash on hand of \$300.

Investments – The District's investments consist of certificates of deposit with a carrying value of \$3,289,338 which approximates the fair value as of April 30, 2015 (\$3,304,932 at April 30, 2014). At April 30, 2015, certificates of deposit with a carrying value of \$2,987,164 mature within one year, with the remainder maturing between one and two years.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its interest rate risk by structuring its investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter term securities.

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type instrument will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. Certificates of deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) are not considered to have credit risk exposure.

A. Cash and Investments (cont'd)

Custodial Credit Risk – For deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government will not be able to recover its deposits. All District deposits with financial institutions are fully insured or collateralized. For investments, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. It is the District's policy that investments shall be collateralized by the actual security held in safekeeping by the agent.

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

	Balance May 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2015
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and land improvements Construction in process	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total capital assets not being depreciated	53,862	389,276	<u> </u>	443,138
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Plant, buildings and	02 042 506	44 404	(40.000)	00.044.007
equipment Administration building	23,942,506 643,075	41,401	(42,000)	23,941,907
Transportation equipment	113,215		8	643,075
Office equipment	185,710			113,215 185,710
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,884,506	41,401	(42,000)	24,883,907
Less accumulated depreciation	(13,103,741)	(756,030)	14,280	(13,845,491)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,780,765	(714,629)	(27,720)	11,038,416
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 11,834,627	\$ (325,353)	\$ (27,720)	\$ 11,481,554

B. Capital Assets (cont'd)

	Balance May 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land and land improvements	\$ 50,062	\$	\$ -	\$ 50,062
Construction in process	1,792,362	2,856,062	(4,644,624)	3,800
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,842,424	2,856,062	(4,644,624)	53,862
Capital assets being depreciated: Plant, buildings and				
equipment	19,258,048	4,684,458		23,942,506
Administration building	643,075	.,		643,075
Transportation equipment	113,215	.=		113,215
Office equipment	185,710	. <u></u>		185,710
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,200,048	4,684,458		24,884,506
Less accumulated depreciation	(12,304,814)	(798,927)		(13,103,741)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	7,895,234	3,885,531	. <u> </u>	11,780,765
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,737,658	\$ 6,741,593	\$ (4,644,624)	\$ 11,834,627

C. Long-term Debt

	Outstanding A			April 30,	
	_	2015	-	2014	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan dated October 1996 for \$634,956, at 3.015%. Repayment of principal and interest in semiannual installments of \$21,254, with final payment due July 2015.	\$	20,938	\$	61,887	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan dated May 14, 2004 for \$7,894,744, at 2.5%. Repayment of principal and interest in semiannual installments of \$258,139 with final payment due September 2025.		4,741,935		5,132,329	
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan dated June 21, 2012 for \$4,665,370 at 2.295%. Final repayment schedule has not been determined as of report issuance. Preliminary repayment schedule (pending final IEPA approval of the related construction project) indicates repayment of principal and interest in semiannual installments of \$140,674 with final payment due July 15, 2034.		4,654,017		4,020,086	
	\$	9,416,891	\$	9,214,302	

Long-term debt activity during the years ended April 30, 2015 and 2014 was as follows:

	ia	Balance May 1, 2014		ncrease/ Proceeds	P	ayments	 Balance April 30, 2015		Due Within One Year
IEPA loan dated:									
October 1996	\$	61,887	\$	0.00	\$	40,949	\$ 20,938	\$	20,938
May 2004		5,132,329		0.72		390,394	4,741,935		400,215
June 2012		4,020,086		723,631		89,700	4,654,017		191,307
Compensated									
absences		63,757		54,510		50,930	67,337		21,307
Net pension									
obligation		69,673	-	67,821		59,870	 77,624	_	
								-	
	\$	9,347,732	\$	845,962	\$	631,843	\$ 9,561,851	\$	633,767

C. Long-term Debt (cont'd)

	Balance May 1, 2013	-	Increase/ Proceeds	P	ayments	 Balance April 30, 2014	: <u></u>	Due Within One Year
IEPA loan dated:								
October 1996	\$ 101,627	\$	-	\$	39,740	\$ 61,887	\$	40,948
May 2004	5,513,144		-		380,815	5,132,329		390,395
June 2012	1,064,970		2,955,116			4,020,086		79,760
Compensated								
absences	57,384		51,627		45,254	63,757		21.322
Net pension					,			
obligation	 55,907		57,356		43,590	 69,673		
	\$ 6,793,032	\$	3,064,099	\$	509,399	\$ 9,347,732	\$	532,425

Principal and interest maturities of the outstanding debt are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2016	\$ 612,460	\$	222,096	\$	834,556	
2017	606,088		207,294		813,382	
2018	620,928		192,454		813,382	
2019	636,133		177,249		813,382	
2020	651,710		161,672		813,382	
2021 – 2025	3,505,920		560,992		4,066,912	
2026 - 2030	1,513,969		229,693		1,743,662	
2031 – 2035	 1,269,682		74,262		1,343,944	
	\$ 9,416,890	\$	1,825,712	\$	11,242,602	

III. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, environmental remediation, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover itself against known risks, and maintains the following types of insurance: general liability and property, automobile liability, boiler and machinery liability, umbrella liability, national flood insurance, public officials' and employees' liability, treasurer's bond, and terrorism. The District also purchases group insurance to cover its employees as follows: workers' compensation, health, dental, life, and vision. As of April 30, 2015, the District had no outstanding claims, and has not had any insurance settlements exceed commercial coverage.

III. Other Information (cont'd)

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All funds are held in trust, and administered by an outside third-party trustee, for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The District did not make contributions to this plan for either the year ended April 30, 2015 or 2014. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 32, the assets and related liability of the plan are not reported in these financial statements.

C. Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy – As set by statute, the District's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer contribution rate for calendar year 2014 was 14.34 percent of annual covered payroll. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2014 was 17.35%. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost – For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2015, the District's actual contributions for pension cost for regular employees were \$59,870 and its required contribution was \$67,821.

III. Other Information (cont'd)

C. Employee Retirement System (cont'd)

Actuarial Valuation Date	F	Annual Pension st (APC)	Percenta of APC Contribu	Č	Pension
4/30/2015 4/30/2014 4/30/2013	\$	67,821 57,356 50,137	88 76 77	%	\$ 77,624 69,673 55,907

Three-year Trend Information for the Regular Plan

The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2012, included: (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year, depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually.

The actuarial value of the District's regular plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The District's plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability at December 31, 2012 is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 29 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the regular plan was 68.56 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,870,174 and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,282,147, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$588,027. The covered payroll for calendar year 2014 (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$397,407 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 148 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented at Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

III. Other Information (cont'd)

D. Commitments and Contingencies

Construction – The District has an open contract in process totaling \$3,749,000 for the construction of a tertiary filter building. Though work on the project was substantially complete and the asset has been placed into service as of April 30, 2014, minor "punch-list" items have yet to be completed as the contractor has become insolvent and has not invoiced the District for portions of work completed. This has caused delays in submitting reimbursement requests through the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Revolving Loan Fund Program. Total remaining unpaid project costs at April 30, 2015, approximately \$269,000, have been recorded in accounts payable in the accompanying statement of net position. Management estimates that no significant costs in excess of the original contracted amount will be incurred to fully complete the project.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Required Supplementary Information -Schedule of Funding Progress April 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/14	\$ 1,282,147	\$ 1,870,174	\$ 588,027	68.56 %	\$ 397,407	147.97 %
12/31/13	1,113,558	1,667,651	554,093	66.77	383,626	144.44
12/31/12	1,212,300	1,798,505	586,205	67.41	414,316	141.49

On a fair value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2014 is \$1,624,080. On a fair value basis, the funded ratio would be 86.84%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with Salt Creek Sanitary District. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
User charges	\$ 2,183,750	\$ 2,083,612	\$ (100,138)
Capital charges	111,000	115,602	4,602
Replacement income taxes	32,000	38,899	6,899
Interest	200	3,614	3,414
Miscellaneous	3,000	37,138	34,138
Total revenues	2,329,950	2,278,865	(51,085)
Expenditures:			
Administrative	466,752	378,097	88,655
Operating	820,380	692,805	127,575
Maintenance	252,486	163,273	89,213
Laboratory	87,281	71,885	15,396
Total expenditures	1,626,899	1,306,060	320,839
Revenues over expenditures	703,051	972,805	269,754
Other financing uses - transfers out	(930,500)	(897,264)	33,236
Changes in fund balance	\$ (227,449)	75,541	\$ 302,990
Fund balance, beginning of the year		1,418,650	
Fund balance, end of the year		\$ 1,494,191	

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois General Fund Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	an	riginal d Final udget	a	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Administrative:							
Personnel costs:	^	457 050	^	464 700	¢	(0 777)	
Salaries and wages	\$	157,952	\$	164,729	\$	(6,777)	
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits		118,900	<u>.</u>	101,145		17,755	
		276,852		265,874		10,978	
Contractual services:							
Bank fees		2,400		5		2,395	
Legal		30,000		29,053		947	
Audit		10,000		10,000		-	
Other professional fees		22,300		20,592	×	1,708	
		64,700		59,650		5,050	
Supplies:							
Office supplies		7,000		5,211		1,789	
Computer		7,000		6,575		425	
Office equipment maintenance		8,000		1,911		6,089	
Postage		13,000		11,821		1,179	
		35,000		25,518		9,482	
Utilities - telephone service		1,000		840		160	
Other:							
Advertising		1,500		172		1,328	
Meetings		7,000		3,494		3,506	
Permit/assessment fees		45,000		18,140		26,860	
Travel		1,600		1,304		296	
Dues and subscriptions		6,000		2,548		3,452	
Water meter readings		1,000		2 4		1,000	
Uncollectible accounts		2,000		557		1,443	
Miscellaneous		100		1) 44 1		100	
Contingency		25,000				25,000	
		89,200		26,215		62,985	
Total administrative		466,752		378,097		88,655	

(cont'd)

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois General Fund Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual (cont'd) For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	ar	Driginal nd Final Budget		Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
Operating:						
Personnel costs:						
Salaries and wages	\$	189,680	\$	173,389	\$	16,291
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits		143,000		114,094		28,906
	2	332,680		287,483	-	45,197
Contractual services - engineer fees		15,000		19,915		(4,915)
Waste disposal		92,000		54,891		37,109
					0	
Insurance: Vehicle insurance		3,000		2,000		1 000
General insurance		45,000		2,000 55,042		1,000 (10,042)
	<u>.</u>	10,000	-	00,042	-	(10,042)
	10	48,000		57,042		(9,042)
Supplies:						
Drying bed supplies		7,500				7,500
Supplies		5,000	18	4,557		443
	•	12,500	30	4,557		7,943
Chemicals - other chemicals		13,000	-	14,529		(1,529)
Utilities:						
Telephone and pager		5,000		3,829		1,171
Electric		226,000		210,920		15,080
Natural gas		50,000		38,930		11,070
Water		1,200		709		491
		282,200		254,388		27,812

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois General Fund Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual (cont'd) For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Operating (cont'd):								
Contingency	\$	25,000	\$		\$	25,000		
Total operating		820,380		692,805		127,575		
Maintenance:								
Personnel costs:								
Salaries and wages		60,611		62,046		(1,435)		
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits		51,000		39,730		11,270		
		111,611		101,776		9,835		
Materials and supplies:								
Repair materials		12,875		1,173		11,702		
Supplies		5,000		2,948		2,052		
Tools		2,500		942		1,558		
	-	20,375		5,063		15,312		
Repair and maintenance:								
Outside equipment repairs		40,000		13,737		26,263		
Equipment rental		3,000		1,025		1,975		
Vehicle repairs		3,000		434		2,566		
Building maintenance		35,000		31,118		3,882		
Software maintenance		8,000		5,644		2,356		
Oil and gasoline	-	6,500		4,476		2,024		
		95,500		56,434		39,066		
Contingency		25,000	5			25,000		
Total maintenance		252,486	8	163,273		89,213		

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois General Fund Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual (cont'd) For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget Actual					Variance Positive Negative)
Laboratory:						
Personnel costs:	•	07 -04				
Salaries and wages	\$	25,781	\$	21,081	\$	4,700
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits		16,500		13,674		2,826
	8	42,281	-	34,755		7,526
Contractual services -						
outside services		32,000		35,221		(3,221)
Materials and supplies		3,000		1,909		1,091
Other - contingency	-	10,000			2	10,000
Total laboratory		87,281		71,885		15,396
Total expenditures	\$	1,626,899	\$	1,306,060	\$	320,839

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Connection fees	\$ -	\$ 5,600	\$ 5,600
Interest income		3,428	3,428
Total revenues		9,028	9,028
Expenditures:			
Current - repairs	-	5,081	(5,081)
Capital outlay	520,180	114,380	405,800
Total expenditures	520,180	119,461	400,719
Revenues under expenditures and changes in fund balance	(520,180)	(110,433)	409,747
Fund balance, beginning of the year		1,137,764	
Fund balance, end of the year		\$ 1,027,331	

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Replacement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues - interest	\$-	\$ 3,227	\$ 3,227	
Expenditures: Current - repairs and maintenance Capital outlay	483,100	13,886 295,477	(13,886) 187,623	
Total expenditures	483,100	309,363	173,737	
Revenues under expenditures	(483,100)	(306,136)	176,964	
Other financing sources - transfers in	11,000	11,556	556	
Changes in fund balance	\$ (472,100)	(294,580)	\$ 177,520	
Fund balance, beginning of the year		965,300		
Fund balance, end of the year		\$ 670,720		

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget Actual		Actuał	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues - interest	\$		\$	6,004	\$	6,004	
Expenditures - debt service:		007 450		504 0 40			
Principal		667,453		521,042		146,411	
Interest		182,928		178,418	4,510		
Miscellaneous				15		(15)	
Total expenditures		850,381		699,475		150,906	
Revenues under expenditures		(850,381)		(693,471)		156,910	
Other financing sources - transfers in		919,500	n	885,708	7	(33,792)	
Changes in fund balance	\$	69,119		192,237	\$	123,118	
Fund balance, beginning of the year			-	1,510,399			
Fund balance, end of the year			\$	1,702,636			

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Deficit - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended April 30, 2015

	Original and Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues - interest	\$ -	\$	119	\$	119
Expenditures - capital outlay			17,925		(17,925)
Revenues under expenditures		(1	17,806)		(17,806)
Other financing sources - Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan proceeds		28	51,500		251,500
Changes in fund deficit	\$ -	23	33,694	\$	233,694
Fund deficit, beginning of the year		(23	35,725)		
Fund deficit, end of the year		\$	(2,031)		

I. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgets

The Board of Trustees follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the supplementary information:

- Administration submits to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted, and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance.
- Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees.
- All appropriations lapse at year end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis of anticipated revenues to be received in cash, and expenditures to be incurred, which does not differ materially from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.